CANBERRA ORNITHOLOGISTS GROUP INCORPORATED

OBJECTS OF THE ASSOCIATION

(Incorporating amendments to 8 November 2000)

- 1. To encourage interest in, and develop knowledge of, the birds of the Canberra region;
- 2. To promote and co-ordinate the study of birds; and
- 3. To promote the conservation of native birds and their habitats.
- 4. To establish and maintain a public fund under the rules of the association to be called the Canberra Birds Conservation Fund. The fund is established for the specific purpose of supporting the association's environmental objects and will comply with subdivision 30-E of the Commonwealth *Income Tax Assessment Act* 1997.

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CANBERRA ORNITHOLOGISTS GROUP INCORPORATED

RULES OF THE ASSOCIATION

(Incorporating amendments to 8 November 2000)

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PART I – PRELIMINARY

1. Interpretation

In these rules, unless a contrary intention appears—

- "association" means Canberra Ornithologists Group Incorporated;
- "Department" means the Commonwealth Department of the Environment and Heritage or any other Commonwealth Department that is designated from time to time as having responsibility for environmental matters.
- "financial year" means the year ending on 30 June;
- "member" means a member, however described, of the association;
- "ordinary committee member" means a member of the committee who is not an office-bearer of the association as referred to in paragraph 12 (1) (a);
- "secretary" means the person holding office under these rules as secretary of the association or, where no such person holds that office, the public officer of the association;
- "the Act" means the *Associations Incorporation Act 1991* of the Australian Capital Territory; "the Regulations" means the Associations Incorporation Regulations.
- (2) In these rules—
- (a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty; and
- (b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, where the function is a power, authority or duty, a reference to the exercise of the power or authority or the performance of the duty.
- (3) The provisions of the *Interpretation Act 1967* of the Australian Capital Territory apply to and in respect of these rules in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if these rules were an instrument made under the Act.

PART II - MEMBERSHIP

2. Membership categories and qualifications

- (1) There shall be the following categories of membership of the association—
- (a) Ordinary membership;
- (b) Family membership;
- (c) Student membership;
- (d) Institutional membership; and
- (e) Honorary membership.
- (2) A person or institution is qualified to be a member if—
- (a) the person or institution is a person or institution referred to in paragraph 21 (2) (a) or (b) of the Act and has not ceased to be a member of the association at any time after incorporation of the association under the Act; or
- (b) the person or institution has applied for membership in accordance with subrule 3 (1).

- (3) Honorary membership.
- (a) Honorary membership shall be conferred by resolution of a general meeting on the recommendation of the committee, or at a general meeting convened in accordance with Rules 23 (2) or 23 (4).
- (b) Following the conferring of honorary membership upon a person, the association shall publish the citation supporting the nomination of that person's honorary membership.
- (4) At general meetings of the association, members shall be entitled to vote as follows:
- (a) ordinary, student, institutional and honorary members: one vote each;
- (b) family members: one vote for each family member whose name appears on the register of members.

3. Application for membership

- (1) An application by a person or institution for membership of the association shall be lodged with the secretary of the association. Accompanying the application shall be the entrance fee (if any) and the first year's annual subscription.
- (2) The secretary shall, on payment by the applicant of the amounts referred to in subrule (1), enter the applicant's name in the register of members and, upon the name being so entered, the applicant shall become a member of the association.
- (3) A person who has been expelled from the association shall not be eligible to become a member of the association again unless the person's application is approved by the committee.

4. Membership entitlements not transferable

A right, privilege or obligation which a person or institution has by reason of being a member of the association—

- (a) is not capable of being transferred or transmitted to another person or institution; and
- (b) terminates upon cessation of the person's or institution's membership.

5. Cessation of membership

A person or institution ceases to be a member of the association if the person or institution—

- (a) dies or, in the case of a body corporate, is wound up;
- (b) resigns from membership of the association;
- (c) is expelled from the association; or
- (d) fails to renew membership of the association in accordance with Rule 7 (3).

6. Resignation of membership

- (1) A member is not entitled to resign from membership of the association except in accordance with this rule.
- (2) A member who has paid all amounts payable by the member to the association may resign from membership of the association by first giving notice (being not less than one month or, if the committee has determined a shorter period, that shorter period) in writing to the secretary of the member's intention to resign and, upon the expiration of the period of notice, the member ceases to be a member.
- (3) Where a person or institution ceases to be a member, the secretary shall make an appropriate entry in the register of members recording the date on which the member ceased to be a member.

7. Fee, subscriptions etc.

- (1) The entrance fee to the association is \$1, or if any other amount has been determined by resolution of the committee, such other amount.
- (2) The annual membership fee of the association is \$2, or if any other amount has been determined by resolution of the committee, that other amount.
- (3) The annual membership fee is payable—
- (a) except as provided by paragraph (b), before the date of each Annual General Meeting; or
- (b) where a person or institution becomes a member on or after the Annual General Meeting in any financial year, before the Annual General Meeting in each succeeding calendar year.

8. Members' liabilities

The liability of a member to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the association or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the association is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid by the member in respect of membership of the association as required by rule 7.

9. Disciplining of members

- (1) Where the committee is of the opinion that a member–
- (a) has persistently refused or neglected to comply with a provision of these rules; or
- (b) has persistently and willfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the association.

the committee may, by resolution-

- (c) expel the member from the association; or
- (d) suspend the member from such rights and privileges of membership of the association as the committee may determine for a specified period.
- (2) A resolution of the committee under subrule (1) is of no effect unless the committee, at a meeting held not earlier than 14 days and not later than 28 days after service on the member of a notice under subrule (3), confirms the resolution in accordance with this rule.
- (3) Where the committee passes a resolution under subrule (1), the secretary shall, as soon as practicable, cause a notice in writing to be served on the member—
- (a) setting out the resolution of the committee and the grounds on which it is based;
- (b) stating that the member may address the committee at a meeting to be held not earlier than 14 days and not later than 28 days after service of the notice;
- (c) stating the date, place and time of that meeting; and
- (d) informing the member that the member may do either or both of the following:
 - (i) attend and speak at that meeting;
 - (ii) submit to the committee at or prior to the date of that meeting written representations relating to the resolution.
- (4) Subject to section 50 of the Act, at a meeting of the committee mentioned in subrule (2), the committee shall—
- (a) give to the member mentioned in subrule (1) an opportunity to make oral representations;
- (b) give due consideration to any written representations submitted to the committee by that member at or prior to the meeting; and
- (c) by resolution determine whether to confirm or to revoke the resolution of the committee made under subrule (1).
- (5) Where the committee confirms a resolution under subrule (4), the secretary shall, within 7 days after that confirmation, by notice in writing inform the member of that confirmation and of the member's right of appeal under rule 10.
- (6) A resolution confirmed by the committee under subrule (4) does not take effect-
- (a) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution where the member does not exercise the right of appeal within that period; or
- (b) where within that period the member exercises the right of appeal, unless and until the association confirms the resolution in accordance with subrule 10 (4).

10. Right of appeal of disciplined member

- (1) A member may appeal to the association in general meeting against a resolution of the committee which is confirmed under subrule 9 (4), within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the secretary a notice to that effect.
- (2) Upon receipt of a notice under subrule (1), the secretary shall notify the committee which shall convene a general meeting of the association to be held within 21 days after the date on which the secretary received the notice or as soon as possible after that date.
- (3) Subject to section 50 of the Act, at a general meeting of the association convened under subrule (2)–
- (a) no business other than the question of the appeal shall be transacted;
- (b) the committee and the member shall be given the opportunity to make representations in relation to the appeal orally or in writing, or both; and
- (c) the members present shall vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution made under subrule 9 (4) should be confirmed or revoked.
- (4) If the meeting passes a special resolution in favour of the confirmation of the resolution made under subrule 9 (4), that resolution is confirmed.

PART III - THE COMMITTEE

11. Powers of the committee

The committee, subject to the Act, the Regulations, these rules, and to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting—

- (a) shall control and manage the affairs of the association;
- (b) has power to co-opt a member or members to the committee;
- (c) may exercise all such functions as may be exercised by the association other than those functions that are required by these rules to be exercised by the association in general meeting; and
- (d) has power to perform all such acts and do all such things as appear to the committee to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the association.

12. Constitution and membership

- (1) The committee shall consist of—
- (a) the office-bearers of the association; and
- (b) not fewer than four nor more than ten other ordinary committee members; each of whom shall be elected pursuant to rule 13 or appointed in accordance with subrule (4).

- (2) The office-bearers of the association shall be-
- (a) the president;
- (b) the vice-president;
- (c) the treasurer; and
- (d) the secretary.
- (3) Each member of the committee shall, subject to these rules, hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting following the date of the member's election, but is eligible for reelection.
- (4) In the event of a vacancy in the membership of the committee, the committee may appoint a member of the association to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed shall hold office, subject to these rules, until the conclusion of the annual general meeting next following the date of the appointment.

13. Election of committee members

- (1) Nominations of candidates for election as office-bearers of the association or as ordinary committee members—
- (a) shall be made in writing, signed by two members of the association and accompanied by the written consent of the candidate (which may be endorsed on the nomination form); and
- (b) shall be delivered to the secretary of the association not less than 7 days before the date fixed for the annual general meeting at which the election is to take place.
- (2) If insufficient nominations are received to fill all vacancies on the committee, the candidates nominated shall be deemed to be elected and further nominations shall be received at the annual general meeting.
- (3) If insufficient further nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the committee shall be deemed to be vacancies.
- (4) If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, the persons nominated shall be taken to be elected.
- (5) If the number of nominations received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot shall be held.
- (6) The ballot for the election of office-bearers and ordinary committee members shall be conducted at the annual general meeting in such manner as the committee may direct.
- (7) A person is not eligible to simultaneously hold more than one position on the committee.

14. Secretary

(1) The secretary of the association shall, as soon as practicable after being appointed as secretary, notify the association of his or her address.

- (2) The secretary shall keep minutes of—
- (a) all elections and appointments of office-bearers and ordinary committee members;
- (b) the names of members of the committee present at a committee meeting or a general meeting; and
- (c) all proceedings at committee meetings and general meetings.
- (3) Minutes of proceedings at a meeting shall be signed by the person presiding at the meeting or by the person presiding at the next succeeding meeting.

15. Treasurer

- (1) The treasurer of the association shall-
- (a) collect and receive all moneys due to the association and make all payments authorised by the association; and
- (b) keep correct accounts and books showing the financial affairs of the association with full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the association.

16. Vacancies

- (1) For the purposes of these rules, a vacancy in the office of a member of the committee occurs if the member—
- (a) dies;
- (b) ceases to be a member of the association;
- (c) resigns the office;
- (d) is removed from office pursuant to rule 17;
- (e) becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the Corporations Law;
- (f) suffers from mental or physical incapacity;
- (g) is disqualified from office under subsection 63 (1) of the Act; or
- (h) is absent without the consent of the committee from all meetings of the committee held during a period of 6 months.

17. Removal of committee members

The association in general meeting may by resolution, subject to section 50 of the Act, remove any member of the committee from the office of member of the committee before the expiration of the member's term of office.

18. Committee meetings and quorum

- (1) The committee shall meet at least four times in each calendar year at such place and time as the committee may determine.
- (2) Additional meetings of the committee may be convened by any four members of the committee.

- (3) Notice of a meeting of the committee shall be given by the secretary to each member of the committee, orally, in writing or by electronic mail, at least 48 hours (or such other period as may be unanimously agreed upon by the members of the committee) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.
- (4) Notice of a meeting given under subrule (3) shall specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that business shall be transacted at the meeting, except business which the committee members present at the meeting unanimously agree to treat as urgent business.
- (5) Any six members of the committee constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a meeting of the committee.
- (6) No business shall be transacted by the committee unless a quorum is present and if within half an hour after the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present the meeting stands adjourned to the same place and at the same hour of the same day in the following week.
- (7) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour after the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.
- (8) At meetings of the committee-
- (a) the president or in the absence of the president, the vice-president shall preside; or
- (b) if the president and the vice-president are absent, one of the remaining members of the committee may be chosen by the members present to preside.

19. Delegation by committee to sub-committee

- (1) The committee may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more sub-committees (consisting of such member or members of the association, or other person or persons, as the committee thinks fit) the exercise of such of the functions of the committee as are specified in the instrument, other than—
- (a) this power of delegation; and
- (b) a function which is a function imposed on the committee by the Act, by any other law of the Territory, or by resolution of the association in general meeting.
- (2) A function, the exercise of which has been delegated to a sub-committee under this rule may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, be exercised from time to time by the sub-committee in accordance with the terms of the delegation.
- (3) A delegation under this rule may be made subject to such conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function, or as to time or circumstances, as may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
- (4) Notwithstanding any delegation under this rule, the committee may continue to exercise any function delegated.
- (5) Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this rule has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the committee.

- (6) The committee may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this rule.
- (7) A sub-committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.

20. Voting and decisions

- (1) Questions arising at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee shall be determined by a majority of the votes of members of the committee or sub-committee present at the meeting.
- (2) Each member present at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee (including the person presiding at the meeting) is entitled to one vote but, in the event of an equality of votes on any question, the person presiding may exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) Subject to subrule 18 (5), the committee may act notwithstanding any vacancy on the committee.
- (4) Any act or thing done or suffered, or purporting to have been done or suffered, by the committee or by a sub-committee appointed by the committee, is valid and effectual notwithstanding any defect that may afterwards be discovered in the appointment or qualification of any member of the committee or sub-committee.

PART IV - GENERAL MEETINGS

21. Annual general meetings-holding of

- (1) The association shall, at least once in each calendar year and within the period of five months after the expiration of each financial year of the association, convene an annual general meeting of its members.
- (2) Subrule (1) has effect subject to the powers of the Registrar-General under section 120 of the Act in relation to extensions of time.

22. Annual general meetings-calling of and business at

- (1) The annual general meeting of the association shall, subject to the Act, be convened on such date and at such place and time as the committee thinks fit.
- (2) In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an annual general meeting, the business of an annual general meeting shall be—
- (a) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any general meeting held since that meeting;

- (b) to receive from the committee reports on the activities of the association during the last preceding financial year;
- (c) to elect members of the committee, including office-bearers; and
- (d) to receive and consider the statement of accounts and the reports that are required to be submitted to members pursuant to subsection 73 (1) of the Act.
- (3) An annual general meeting shall be specified as such in the notice convening it in accordance with rule 24.
- (4) An annual general meeting shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this Part.

23. General meetings-calling of

- (1) The committee may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a general meeting of the association.
- (2) The committee shall, on the requisition in writing of not less than twenty members, convene a general meeting of the association.
- (3) A requisition of members for a general meeting-
- (a) shall state the purpose or purposes of the meeting;
- (b) shall be signed by the members making the requisition;
- (c) shall be lodged with the secretary; and
- (d) shall consist of several documents in a similar form, each signed by one or more of the members making the requisition.
- (4) If the committee fails to convene a general meeting within one month after the date on which a requisition of members for the meeting is lodged with the secretary, any one or more of the members who made the requisition may convene a general meeting to be held not later than three months after that date.
- (5) A general meeting convened by a member or members referred to in subrule (4) shall be convened as nearly as is practicable in the same manner as general meetings are convened by the committee and any member who thereby incurs expense is entitled to be reimbursed by the association for any reasonable expense so incurred.

24. General meetings-notice

(1) Except where the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary shall, at least 14 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause to be sent by pre-paid post to each member at the member's address appearing in the register of members, or to the member's electronic mail address appearing on the register of members, a notice specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.

- (2) Where the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary shall, at least 21 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause notice to be sent to each member in the manner provided in subrule (1) specifying, in addition to the matter required under that subrule, the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.
- (3) No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting shall be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an annual general meeting, business which may be transacted pursuant to subrule 22 (2).
- (4) A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of that business to the secretary who shall include that business in the next notice calling a general meeting given after receipt of the notice from the member.

25. General meetings-procedure and quorum

- (1) No item of business shall be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under these rules to vote is present during the time the meeting is considering that item.
- (2) Thirty members present in person (being members entitled under these rules to vote at a general meeting) constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.
- (3) If within half an hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting if convened upon the requisition of members shall be dissolved and in any other case shall stand adjourned to the same day in the following week at the same time and (unless another place is specified at the time of adjournment by the person presiding at the meeting or communicated by written notice to members given before the day to which the meeting is adjourned) at the same place.
- (4) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, the members present (being not less than thirty) shall constitute a quorum.

26. Presiding member

- (1) The president, or in the absence of the president, the vice-president, shall preside at each general meeting of the association.
- (2) If the president and the vice-president are absent from a general meeting, the members present shall elect one of their number to preside at the meeting.

27. Adjournment

(1) The person presiding at a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place.

- (2) Where a general meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, the secretary shall give written or oral notice of the adjourned meeting to each member of the association stating the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting.
- (3) Except as provided in subrules (1) and (2), notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting is not required to be given.

28. Making of decisions

- (1) A question arising at a general meeting of the association shall be determined on a show of hands and, unless before or on the declaration of the show of hands a poll is demanded, a declaration by the person presiding that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the association, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
- (2) At a general meeting of the association, a poll may be demanded by the person presiding or by not less than three members present in person at the meeting.
- (3) Where the poll is demanded at a general meeting, the poll shall be taken—
- (a) immediately in the case of a poll which relates to the election of the person to preside at the meeting or to the question of an adjournment; or
- (b) in any other case, in such manner and at such time before the close of the meeting as the person presiding directs, and the resolution of the poll on the matter shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting on that matter.

29. Voting

- (1) Subject to subrule (3), upon any question arising at a general meeting of the association a member has one vote only.
- (2) All votes shall be given personally; no proxies shall be permitted.
- (3) In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, the person presiding is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.
- (4) A member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the association unless all money due and payable by the member to the association has been paid, other than the amount of the annual subscription payable in respect of the then current year.

PART V – CANBERRA ORNITHOLOGISTS GROUP ENVIRONMENT FUND

30. The fund

- (1) The Canberra Ornithologists Group Environment Fund will be known as 'The Canberra Birds Conservation Fund'.
- (2) The environmental purposes of the Fund are to support the environmental objects of the association.
- (3) The Fund will be used only to support the association's environmental purposes. Any allocation of funds or property, made from the Fund to other persons or organisations, will be made in accordance with the environmental purposes of the association and not be influenced by the preferences of donors.
- (4) Members of the general public are to be invited to make gifts of money or property to the Fund for the environmental purposes of the association.
- (5) Money from interest on donations, income derived from donated property, and money from the realisation of such property are to be deposited into the Fund.
- (6) The Fund must not receive any other money or property, including corporate sponsorship money, and gifts to it are to be kept separate from other funds of the association.
- (7) A separate bank account is to be opened to deposit money donated to the Fund, including interest accruing thereon.
- (8) Receipts are be issued in the name of the Fund and proper accounting records and procedures are to be kept and used for the Fund.
- (9) The Fund will be operated on a non-profit basis. None of the money or property accumulated by the Fund will be distributed to members of the association (or trustees of the Fund) apart from proper remuneration for administrative services.
- (10) In the event of the winding up of the Fund, any surplus assets are to be transferred to another fund with similar objectives that is on the Register of Environmental Organisations.
- (11) The Fund will be administered by a committee of management of no fewer than three persons. The committee of management will be appointed by the committee of the association. A majority of the members of the committee of management are required to have the requisite degree of responsibility to the general community, that is, persons who, because of their tenure of some public office or their position in the community, have a degree of responsibility to the community as a whole as distinct from obligations solely in regard to the environmental objectives of the association.
- (12) Any changes to the membership of the committee of management of the Fund are to be advised to the Department within a reasonable time following the making of the changes.

- (13) Any changes to the Rules of the Fund are to be advised to the Department within a reasonable time following the making of the changes.
- (14) Statistical data about gifts to the Fund during the financial year will be provided to the Department within four months after the end of the financial year and in the form required by the Department.
- (15) The association and the committee of management of the Fund agree to comply with any rules that the Commonwealth Treasurer and the Commonwealth Minister with responsibility for the environment may make to ensure that gifts to the fund are used only for the association's environmental objects.

PART VI - MISCELLANEOUS

31. Funds-source

- (1) The funds of the association shall be derived from entrance fees and annual subscriptions of members, donations and, subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting and subject to section 114 of the Act, such other sources as the committee determines.
- (2) All money received by the association shall be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the association's bank account.
- (3) The association shall, as soon as practicable after receiving any money, issue an appropriate receipt if requested to do so.

32. Funds-management

- (1) Subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, the funds of the association shall be used in pursuance of the objects of the association in such manner as the committee determines. The income and property of the association shall be used and applied solely in promotion of its objects and no portion shall be distributed, paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or profit to members of the association.
- (2) All cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments shall be signed by a member of the committee or employee of the association, being a member of the committee or employee authorised to do so by the committee and, if for an amount of more than \$1,000, shall also be signed by a second such person.

33. Alteration of objects and rules

Neither the objects of the association referred to in section 29 of the Act nor these rules shall be altered except in accordance with the Act.

34. Common seal

- (1) The common seal of the association shall be kept in the custody of the secretary.
- (2) The common seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of the committee and the affixing of the common seal shall be attested by the signatures either of two members of the committee or of one member of the committee and of the secretary.

35. Custody of books

Subject to the Act, the Regulations and these rules, the secretary shall keep in his or her custody or under his or her control all records, books, and other documents relating to the association.

36. Inspection of books

The records, books and other documents of the association shall be open to inspection at a place in the Territory, free of charge, by a member of the association at any reasonable hour.

37. Service of notice

- (1) For the purpose of these rules, a notice may be served by or on behalf of the association upon any member either personally or by sending it by post to the member at the member's address shown in the register of members.
- (2) Where a document is sent to a person by properly addressing, prepaying and posting to the person a letter containing the document, the document shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed for the purposes of these rules to have been served on the person at the time at which the letter would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.

38. Surplus property

- (1) At the first general meeting of the association, the association shall pass a special resolution nominating—
- (a) another association for the purpose of paragraph 92 (1) (a) of the Act; or
- (b) a fund, authority or institution for the purpose of paragraph 92 (1) (b) of the Act, in which it is to vest its surplus property in the event of the dissolution or winding up of the association.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subrule (1), the Association may, by special resolution, nominate an association, fund, authority or institution for the purposes of section 92 of the Act which differs from the association, fund, authority or institution nominated pursuant to subrule (1).
- (3) An association nominated under paragraph (1) (a) or subrule (2) must fulfil the requirements specified in subsection 92 (2) of the Act.